BANYAN GOLD CORP.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL AND SPECIAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS TO BE HELD JUNE 2, 2017

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual General Meeting (the "Meeting) of the shareholders of Banyan Gold Corp. (the "Corporation") will be held at Suite 1000-1050 W. Pender Street., Vancouver, BC V6E 3Z7 on Friday June 2, 2017, at 9:30 am (Vancouver Time), for the purposes of:

- A. receiving and considering the audited consolidated financial statements of the Corporation for the year ended September 30, 2016, together with the auditor's report thereon;
- B. fixing the number of directors to be elected at the Meeting at five (5);
- C. electing a board of directors until the next annual general meeting of shareholders of the Corporation or until their successors are duly elected or appointed;
- D. appointing Geib & Company as auditor of the Corporation until the next annual general meeting of shareholders and to authorize the directors to fix the remuneration of such auditor;
- E. considering, and if deemed advisable, approving the Corporation's rolling share option plan which allows for the issuance of that number of common shares as is equal to 10% of the Corporation's issued and outstanding common shares at any given time;
- F. considering and, if thought appropriate, confirm the adoption of new By-Laws;
- G. transacting such other business as may properly be brought before the Meeting or any adjournment or adjournments thereof.

The record date for the determination of Shareholders entitled to receive notice of and to vote at the Meeting is April 24, 2017 (the "Record Date"). Shareholders of the Corporation whose names have been entered in the register of Shareholders at the close of business on that date will be entitled to receive notice of and to vote at the Meeting, provided that, to the extent a shareholder transfers the ownership of any of such Shareholder's shares after such date and the transferee of those shares establishes that the transferee owns the shares and requests, not later than 10 days before the Meeting, to be included in the list of shareholders eligible to vote at the Meeting, such transferee will be entitled to vote those shares at the Meeting.

A Shareholder may attend the Meeting in person or may be represented by proxy. Shareholders who are unable to attend the Meeting or any adjournment thereof in person are requested to date, sign and return the accompanying form of proxy for use at the Meeting or any adjournment thereof.

A proxy will not be valid unless it is deposited with our transfer agent Computershare, (i) by mail using the enclosed return envelope or (ii) by hand delivery to Computershare, 8th Floor, 100 University Avenue, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2Y1. Alternatively, you may vote by telephone at 1-866-732-VOTE (8683) (toll free within North America) or 1-312-588-4290 (outside North America), by facsimile to 1-866-249-7775 or 1-416-263-9524 (if outside North America), or by internet using the 15 digit control number located at the bottom of your proxy at www.investorvote.com. All instructions are listed in the enclosed form of proxy. Your proxy or voting instructions must be received in each case no later than 9:30 am (Vancouver Time) on May 31, 2017 or, if the Meeting is adjourned, 48 hours (excluding Saturdays and holidays) before the beginning of any adjournment of the Meeting.

The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing and shall be executed by the Shareholder or the Shareholder's attorney authorized in writing or, if the Shareholder is a company, under its corporate seal by an officer or attorney thereof duly authorized. Details of all matters proposed to be put before the Meeting are set forth in the accompanying Management Information Circular.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

"Mark Ayranto" Mark Ayranto, Chairman

BANYAN GOLD CORP.

Suite 250 - 2237 2nd Avenue Whitehorse, Yukon Canada Y1A 0K7

Telephone/Fax: 1.888.629.0444

MANAGEMENT PROXY CIRCULAR as at April 24, 2017

This Management Proxy Circular is furnished in connection with the solicitation of proxies by the management of Banyan Gold Corp. (the "Corporation") for use at the annual general and special meeting (the "Meeting") of its shareholders to be held on June 2, 2017 at the time and place and for the purposes set forth in the accompanying Notice of the Meeting.

In this Management Proxy Circular, references to "the Corporation", "we" and "our" refer to Banyan Gold Corp. "Common Shares" means Class "A" common shares without par value in the capital of the Corporation. "Beneficial Shareholders" means shareholders who do not hold Common Shares in their own name and "intermediaries" refers to brokers, investment firms, clearing houses and similar entities that own securities on behalf of Beneficial Shareholders.

GENERAL PROXY INFORMATION

Solicitation of Proxies

The solicitation of proxies will be primarily by mail, but proxies may be solicited personally or by telephone by directors, officers and regular employees of the Corporation. The Corporation will bear all costs of this solicitation. We have arranged for intermediaries to forward the meeting materials to beneficial owners of the Common Shares held of record by those intermediaries and we may reimburse the intermediaries for their reasonable fees and disbursements in that regard.

Appointment of Proxyholders

The individuals named in the accompanying form of proxy (the "Proxy") are directors of the Corporation. If you are a shareholder entitled to vote at the Meeting, you have the right to appoint a person or company other than either of the persons designated in the Proxy, who need not be a shareholder, to attend and act for you on your behalf at the Meeting. You may do so either by inserting the name of that other person in the blank space provided in the Proxy or by completing and delivering another suitable form of proxy.

Voting by Proxyholder

The persons named in the Proxy will vote or withhold from voting the Common Shares represented thereby in accordance with your instructions on any ballot that may be called for. If you specify a choice with respect to any matter to be acted upon, your Common Shares will be voted accordingly. The Proxy confers discretionary authority on persons named therein with respect to:

- (a) each matter or group of matters identified therein for which a choice is not specified, other than the appointment of an auditor and the election of directors,
- (b) any amendment to or variation of any matter identified therein, and
- (c) any other matter that properly comes before the Meeting.

In respect of a matter for which a choice is not specified in the Proxy, the persons named in the Proxy will vote the Common Shares represented by the Proxy for the approval of such matter.

Registered Shareholders

A proxy will not be valid unless it is deposited with our transfer agent Computershare, (i) by mail using the enclosed return envelope or (ii) by hand delivery to Computershare, 8th Floor, 100 University Avenue, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2Y1.

Alternatively, you may vote by telephone at 1-866-732-VOTE (8683) (toll free within North America) or 1-312-588-4290 (outside North America), by facsimile to 1-866-249-7775 or 1-416-263-9524 (if outside North America), or by internet using the 15 digit control number located at the bottom of your proxy at www.investorvote.com. All instructions are listed in the enclosed form of proxy. Your proxy or voting instructions must be received in each case no later than 9:30 am (Vancouver Time) on May 31, 2017 or, if the Meeting is adjourned, 48 hours (excluding Saturdays and holidays) before the beginning of any adjournment of the Meeting.

Beneficial Shareholders

The information in this section is of significant importance to shareholders who do not hold Common Shares in their own name. Beneficial Shareholders should note that the only proxies that can be recognized and acted upon at the Meeting are those deposited by registered shareholders (those whose names appear on the records of the Corporation as the registered holders of Common Shares) or as set out in the following disclosure.

If Common Shares are listed in an account statement provided to a shareholder by a broker, then in almost all cases those Common Shares will not be registered in the shareholder's name on the records of the Corporation. Such Common Shares will more likely be registered under the names of the shareholder's broker or an agent of that broker (an "**intermediary**"). In Canada, the vast majority of such Common Shares are registered under the name of CDS & Co. (the registration name for The Canadian Depository for Securities Limited, which acts as nominee for many Canadian brokerage firms), and in the United States of America (the "**United States**" or the "**U.S.**"), under the name of Cede & Co. as nominee for The Depository Trust Company (which acts as depositary for many U.S. brokerage firms and custodian banks).

Intermediaries are required to seek voting instructions from Beneficial Shareholders in advance of shareholder meetings. Every intermediary has its own mailing procedures and provides its own return instructions to clients.

If you are a Beneficial Shareholder:

You should carefully follow the instructions of your broker or intermediary in order to ensure that your Common Shares are voted at the Meeting.

The form of proxy that will be supplied by your broker will be similar to the Proxy provided to registered shareholders by the Corporation. However, its purpose is limited to instructing the intermediary how to vote your Common Shares on your behalf. Most brokers delegate responsibility for obtaining instructions from clients to Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc. ("Broadridge") in Canada and in the United States. Broadridge mails a voting instruction form (a "VIF") in lieu of the Proxy provided by the Corporation. The VIF will name the same persons as the Corporation's Proxy to represent your Common Shares at the Meeting. You have the right to appoint a person (who need not be a Beneficial Shareholder of the Corporation) other than the persons designated in the VIF to represent your Common Shares at the Meeting, and that person may be you. To exercise this right, insert the name of your desired representative (which may be you), in the blank space provided in the VIF. The completed VIF must then be returned to Broadridge by mail or facsimile or given to Broadridge by phone or over the internet, in accordance with Broadridge's instructions. Broadridge then tabulates the results of all instructions received and provides appropriate instructions respecting voting of Common Shares to be represented at the Meeting. If you receive a VIF from Broadridge, you cannot use it to vote Common Shares directly at the Meeting - the VIF must be returned to Broadridge, in accordance with its instructions, well in advance of the Meeting, in order to have your Common Shares voted or to have an alternate representative duly appointed to attend and vote your Common Shares at the Meeting.

Notice to Shareholders in the United States

The solicitation of proxies involve securities of an issuer located in Canada and is being effected in accordance with the corporate laws of the Province of Alberta, Canada and securities laws of the provinces of Canada. The proxy solicitation rules under the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, are not applicable to the Corporation or this

solicitation, and this solicitation has been prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the securities laws of the provinces of Canada. Shareholders should be aware that disclosure requirements under the securities laws of the provinces of Canada differ from the disclosure requirements under United States securities laws.

The enforcement by Shareholders of civil liabilities under United States federal securities laws may be affected adversely by the fact that the Corporation is incorporated under the *Business Corporations Act* (Alberta) (the "**Albert Act**"), as amended, certain of its directors and its executive officers are residents of Canada and a substantial portion of its assets and the assets of such persons are located outside the United States. Shareholders may not be able to sue a foreign company or its officers or directors in a foreign court for violations of United States federal securities laws. It may be difficult to compel a foreign company and its officers and directors to subject themselves to a judgment by a United States court.

Revocation of Proxies

In addition to revocation in any other manner permitted by law, a registered shareholder who has given a proxy may revoke it by:

- (a) executing a proxy bearing a later date or by executing a valid notice of revocation, either of the foregoing to be executed by the registered shareholder or the registered shareholder's authorized attorney in writing, or, if the registered shareholder is a corporation, under its corporate seal by an officer or attorney duly authorized, and by delivering the proxy bearing a later date to Computershare Trust Company, or to the Corporation's registered office at 166 Cougarstone Crescent SW, Calgary, AB T3H 4Z5, at any time up to and including the last business day that precedes the day of the Meeting or, if the Meeting is adjourned, the last business day that precedes any reconvening thereof, or to the chairman of the Meeting on the day of the Meeting or any reconvening thereof, or in any other manner provided by law, or
- (b) personally attending the Meeting and voting the registered shareholder's Common Shares.

A revocation of a proxy will not affect a matter on which a vote is taken before the revocation.

INTEREST OF CERTAIN PERSONS OR COMPANIES IN MATTERS TO BE ACTED UPON

No director or executive officer of the Corporation, nor any person who has held such a position since the beginning of the last completed financial year of the Corporation, nor any proposed nominee for election as a director of the Corporation, nor any associate or affiliate of the foregoing persons, has any substantial or material interest, direct or indirect, by way of beneficial ownership of securities or otherwise, in any matter to be acted on at the Meeting. All Directors and Officers may receive options under the rolling stock option plan.

VOTING SECURITIES AND PRINCIPAL HOLDERS OF VOTING SECURITIES

The board of Directors of the Corporation (the "Board") has fixed April 24, 2017 as the record date (the "Record Date") for determination of persons entitled to receive notice of the Meeting. Only shareholders of record at the close of business on the Record Date who either attend the Meeting personally or complete, sign and deliver a form of proxy in the manner and subject to the provisions described above will be entitled to vote or to have their Common Shares voted at the Meeting, except to the extent that:

- (a) the shareholder has transferred the ownership of any such share after the record date, and
- (b) the transferee produces a properly endorsed share certificate for or otherwise establishes ownership of any of the transferred Common Shares and makes a demand to Valiant Trust Company no later than 10 days before the Meeting that the transferee's name be included in the list of shareholders in respect thereof.

The Common Shares of the Corporation are listed for trading on the TSX Venture Exchange (the "TSXV").

The Corporation is authorized to issue an unlimited number of Common Shares, an unlimited number of Class "B" common shares and an unlimited number of Preferred shares. As of April 24, 2017, the Corporation had outstanding 65,894,193 fully

paid and non-assessable Common Shares without par value, each carrying the right to one vote. As at April 24, 2017, there were no Class "B" common shares and no Preferred shares issued or outstanding. No group of shareholders has the right to elect a specified number of directors. There are special rights and restrictions attached to the Common Shares, Class "B" common shares and Preferred shares as set out in the Articles of the Corporation.

To the knowledge of the directors and executive officers of the Corporation, the only persons or corporations who beneficially own, directly or indirectly, or exercised control or direction over, Common Shares carrying more than 10% of the voting rights attached to all outstanding Common Shares of the Corporation as at April 24, 2017 are:

<u>Name</u>	Number of Common Shares(1)	<u>Percentage</u>
Jay Collins	7,006,667	10.63 %

VOTES NECESSARY TO PASS RESOLUTIONS

A simple majority of affirmative votes cast at the Meeting is required to pass all of the resolutions described herein. If there are more nominees for election as directors or appointment of the Corporation's auditor than there are vacancies to fill, those nominees receiving the greatest number of votes will be elected or appointed, as the case may be, until all such vacancies have been filled. If the number of nominees for election or appointment is equal to the number of vacancies to be filled all such nominees will be declared elected or appointed by acclamation.

PARTICULARS OF MATTERS TO BE ACTED UPON

To the knowledge of the Corporation's directors, the only matters to be placed before the Meeting are those matters set forth below.

1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The audited financial statements of the Corporation for the years ended September 30, 2016 & 2015, the report of the auditor thereon and the related management discussion and analysis will be placed before the Meeting. Additional information may be obtained upon request from the Chief Financial Officer of the Corporation at 166 Cougarstone Crescent SW, Calgary AB T3H 4Z5 Telephone No. 1.888.629.0444. These documents and additional information are also available through the internet under the Corporation's profile on the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com.

2. NUMBER OF DIRECTORS

Under the Articles, the number of directors may be fixed or changed from time to time by ordinary resolution but shall not be fewer than three. The Board believes that five is a sufficient number of directors to efficiently carry out the duties of the Board at our current stage of development, as well as enhance the diversity of views, skills and experience the directors bring to the Board.

The Board recommends that shareholders vote in favour of fixing the number of directors at five. Unless you give other instructions, the persons named in the enclosed form of proxy intend to vote FOR setting the number of directors at four.

3. ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The term of office of each of the current directors will end at the conclusion of the Meeting. Unless the director's office is vacated earlier in accordance with the provisions of the Business Corporations Act (Alberta), each director elected will hold office until the conclusion of the next annual meeting of the Corporation, or if no director is then elected, until a successor is elected.

The following disclosure sets out the names of management's five nominees for election as directors, all major offices and positions with the Corporation and any of its significant affiliates each now holds, each nominee's principal occupation for the last five years, business or employment, the period of time during which each has been a director of the Corporation

and the number of Common Shares of the Corporation beneficially owned by each, directly or indirectly, or over which each exercised control or direction, as at April 24, 2017.

Nominee Position with the Corporation and Residence	Principal Occupation	Director Since	Common Shares Beneficially Owned or Controlled ⁽¹⁾
Tara Christie	Ms. Christie is President of KECM	Since June 2013	2,596,736
President, CEO & Director Yukon, Canada	Services a consulting company and has been active in a privately held placer mining businesses in Yukon since 1998. She has been a member of the Board of Directors of Constantine Metal Resources Ltd since July 2006 and July 2016 for Klondike Gold. She served as a member of the Yukon Environmental and Socio-Economic Assessment Board (2004-2016).		
Steve Burleton Director Toronto, Ontario, Canada	Mr. Burleton has been the vice- president of business development at Richmont Mines Ltd. since February, 2015. Mr. Burleton has over 18 years of experience in the Canadian investment banking industry having dealt with companies in mining, fertilizers and industrial products.	Since March 2017	400,000
Mark Ayranto ⁽²⁾ Director Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada	Since 2009 Mr. Ayranto has been a Vice President with Victoria Gold Corp. Previously, Mr. Ayranto was the VP, Corporate Development for StrataGold Corporation. Mr. Ayranto sits on the Yukon Mineral Advisory Board.	Since July 2010	1,714,833
Jay Collins ⁽²⁾ British Columbia, Canada	Mr. Collins is President of Merit Consultants International, a Division of Cementation Canada Inc., a project and construction management company to the global mining industry. Mr. Collins is a professional engineer and has spent over 35 years developing mine projects from the study stage through to commissioning of the surface facilities. Mr. Collins sat on the Board of Directors for Nevada Copper Corp. until Dec 2013, and for Selwyn Resources until April 2013. Mr. Collins is also the COO of Vincere Resource Group LLC, a private holding company based in Connecticut, NY.	Since June 2013	7,006,667

Nominee Position with the Corporation and Residence	Principal Occupation	Director Since	Common Shares Beneficially Owned or Controlled ⁽¹⁾
David Reid British Columbia, Canada	Mr. Reid is a senior partner and global co-chair of mining with DLA Piper (Canada) LLP. He has over 30 years of experience in mining and	Since March 2017	1,735,491
	securities law, including over \$2-billion in corporate finance and merger and acquisition transactions since 2011		

Notes:

- (1) The information as to principal occupation, business or employment and Common Shares beneficially owned or controlled is not within the knowledge of the management of the Corporation and has been furnished by the respective nominees.
- (2) Member of the Corporation's Audit Committee.

None of the proposed nominees for election as a director of the Corporation are proposed for election pursuant to any arrangement or understanding between the nominee and any other person, except the directors and officers of the Corporation acting solely in such capacity.

The Board recommends that shareholders vote in favour of the nominees for election as directors. Unless you give other instructions, the persons named in the enclosed form of proxy intend to vote FOR the election of the five nominees as directors of the Corporation for the ensuing year.

Cease Trade Orders, Bankruptcies, Penalties or Sanctions

No proposed nominee for election as a director of the Corporation was a director or executive officer of any company (including the Corporation in respect of which this management proxy circular is prepared) acted in that capacity for a company that was:

- subject to a cease trade or similar order or an order denying the relevant company access to any exemptions under securities legislation, for more than 30 consecutive days;
- (b) subject to an event that resulted, after the director or executive officer ceased to be a director or executive officer, in the Corporation being the subject of a cease trade or similar order or an order that denied the relevant company access to any exemption under the securities legislation, for a period of more than 30 consecutive days;
- (c) within a year of that person ceasing to act in that capacity, became bankrupt, made a proposal under any legislation relating to bankruptcy or insolvency or was subject to or instituted any proceedings, arrangement or compromise with creditors or had a receiver, receiver manager or trustee appointed to hold its assets; or has become bankrupt, made a proposal under any legislation relating to bankruptcy or insolvency, or become subject to or instituted any proceedings, arrangement or compromise with creditors, or had a receiver, receiver manager or trustee appointed to hold the assets of the proposed director;
- (d) subject to any penalties or sanctions imposed by a court relating to securities legislation or by a securities regulatory authority or has entered into a settlement agreement with a securities regulatory authority; or
- (e) subject to any other penalties or sanctions imposed by a court or a regulatory body that would likely be considered important to a reasonable security holder in deciding whether to vote for a proposed director.

4. APPOINTMENT OF AUDITOR

Geib & Company, Suite 1020, 10201 Southport Rd SW., Calgary, Alberta T2W 4X9 will be nominated by Management at the Meeting for appointment as auditor of the Corporation at a remuneration to be fixed by the directors. Geib & Company was appointed as the Corporation's auditor during the last fiscal year ended September 30, 2016.

Unless you give other instructions, the persons named in the enclosed form of proxy intend to vote FOR the appointment of Geib & Company, as the auditor of the Corporation until the close of the next annual general meeting and FOR the proposed resolution to authorize the Board to fix the auditor's remuneration.

5. ROLLING STOCK OPTION PLAN

Pursuant to the policies of the TSXV, a listed company is required to have an option plan in place if it intends to grant any options.

On March 15th, 2012, the Board approved the adoption of a new share option plan (the "**Plan**") in order to comply with the current policies of the TSXV and to increase the flexibility of the Corporation to provide incentives to directors, officers, employees, management and others who provide services to the Corporation. This was subsequently ratified by shareholders on April 30, 2012 and re-ratified on June 21, 2016. The Plan is a 10% maximum rolling plan and pursuant to the policies of the TSX-V, the Plan requires shareholder approval by ordinary resolution at every annual meeting of the Corporation while the Plan is in effect.

The following is a summary of the terms of the plan:

A maximum of 10% of the issued and outstanding Shares of the Corporation at the time an option is granted are reserved for options to be granted at the discretion of the Board to eligible optionees (an "**Optionee**").

The Plan is subject to the following restrictions:

- (f) The Corporation must not grant an option to a director, employee, consultant, or consultant company (the "Service Provider") in any twelve (12) month period that exceeds five percent (5%) of the outstanding shares, unless the Corporation has obtained by a majority of the votes cast by the shareholders of the Corporation eligible to vote at a shareholders' meeting, excluding votes attaching to shares beneficially owned by insiders and their associates ("Disinterested Shareholder Approval");
- (g) The aggregate number of options granted to a Service Provider conducting investor relations activities in any twelve (12) month period must not exceed two percent (2%) of the outstanding Shares calculated at the date of the grant, without the prior consent of the TSXV;
- (h) The Corporation must not grant an option to a consultant in any twelve (12) month period that exceeds two percent (2%) of the outstanding shares calculated at the date of the grant of the option;
- (i) The aggregate number of Shares reserved for issuance under options granted to insiders must not exceed ten percent (10%) of the outstanding Shares (in the event that the New Plan is amended to reserve for issuance more than ten percent (10%) of the outstanding Shares) unless the Corporation has obtained Disinterested Shareholder Approval to do so;
- (j) The number of Shares issued for option to insiders in any twelve (12) month period must not exceed ten percent (10%) of the outstanding Shares (in the event that the New Plan is amended to reserve for issuance more than ten percent (10%) of the outstanding Shares) unless the Corporation has obtained Disinterested Shareholder Approval to do so;
- (k) The issuance to any one Optionee within a twelve (12) month period of a number of Shares must not exceed five percent (5%) of outstanding Shares unless the Corporation has obtained Disinterested Shareholder Approval to do so; and
- (I) The exercise price of an option previously granted to an insider must not be reduced, unless the Corporation has obtained Disinterested Shareholder Approval to do so.

Material Terms of the Plan

The following is a summary of the material terms of the Plan:

- (a) Persons who are Service Providers to the Corporation or its affiliates, or who are providing services to the Corporation or its affiliates, are eligible to receive grants of options under the Plan;
- (b) Options granted under the Plan are non-assignable and non-transferable and are issuable for a period of up to ten (10) years;
- (c) For options granted to Service Providers, the Corporation must ensure that the proposed Optionee is a bona fide Service Provider of the Corporation or its affiliates;
- (d) an Option granted to any Service Provider will expire within one year (or such other time, not to exceed one year, as shall be determined by the Board as at the date of grant or agreed to by the Board and the Optionee at any time prior to expiry of the Option), after the date the Optionee ceases to be employed by or provide services to the Corporation, but only to the extent that such Option was vested at the date the Optionee ceased to be so employed by or to provide services to the Corporation;
- (e) if an Optionee dies, any vested option held by him or her at the date of death will become exercisable by the Optionee's lawful personal representatives, heirs or executors until the earlier of one year after the date of death of such Optionee and the date of expiration of the term otherwise applicable to such option;
- (f) in the case of an Optionee being dismissed from employment or service for cause, such Optionee's options, whether or not vested at the date of dismissal, will immediately terminate without right to exercise same;
- (g) the exercise price of each option will be set by the Board on the effective date of the option and will not be less than the Discounted Market Price (as defined in the Plan);
- (h) vesting of options shall be at the discretion of the Board, and will generally be subject to: (i) the Service Provider remaining employed by or continuing to provide services to the Corporation or its affiliates, as well as, at the discretion of the Board, achieving certain milestones which may be defined by the Board from time to time or receiving a satisfactory performance review by the Corporation or its affiliates during the vesting period; or (ii) the Service Provider remaining as a Director of the Corporation or its affiliates during the vesting period;
- (i) the Corporation, may from time to time, implement such procedures and conditions as it determines appropriate with respect to the withholding and remittance of taxes imposed under applicable law, or thee funding of related amounts for which liability may arise under such applicable law; and
- (j) the Board reserves the right in its absolute discretion to amend, suspend, terminate or discontinue the Plan with respect to all Common Shares in respect of options which have not yet been granted under the Plan.

The Board has determined that, in order to reasonably protect the rights of participants, as a matter of administration, it is necessary to clarify when amendments to the Plan may be made by the Board without further shareholder approval. Accordingly, the Plan also provide that the Board may, without shareholder approval:

- (i) amend the Plan to correct typographical, grammatical or clerical errors;
- (ii) change the vesting provisions of an option granted under the Plan, subject to prior written approval of the TSXV, if applicable;
- (iii) change the termination provision of an option granted under the Plan if it does not entail an extension beyond the original expiry date of such option;
- (iv) make such amendments to the Plan as are necessary or desirable to reflect changes to securities laws applicable to the Corporation;
- (v) make such amendments as may otherwise be permitted by the TSXV Policies;
- (vi) if the Corporation becomes listed or quoted on a stock exchange or stock market senior to the TSXV, make such amendments as may be required by the policies of such senior stock exchange or stock market; and
- (vii) amend the Plan to reduce the benefits that may be granted to Service Providers.

A copy of the Plan will be available for inspection at the Meeting.

Shareholder Approval

At the Meeting, Shareholders will be asked to consider and vote on the ordinary resolution to approve the Plan dated for reference March 15, 2012, with or without variation, as follows:

"BE IT RESOLVED, that:

- the Share Option Plan of the Company, first approved by the shareholders of the Company on April 30, 2012, as more fully described in the Company's Management Information Circular, be and is herby renewed and approved as the stock option plan of the Company; and
- 2) to the extent permitted by law, the Corporation be authorized to abandon all or any part of the Plan if the Board deems it appropriate and in the best interest of the Corporation to do so; and
- any one or more of the directors and officers of the Corporation be authorized to perform all such acts, deeds, and things and execute, under the seal of the Corporation or otherwise, all such documents as may be required to give effect to this resolution."

An ordinary resolution is a resolution passed by the shareholders of the Corporation at a general meeting by a simple majority of the votes cast in person or by proxy.

We believe the Plan provides incentive to and enables us to better align the interests of our directors and officers with those of our shareholders. The Board recommends that shareholders vote FOR the resolution approving the Plan. Unless you give other instructions, the persons named in the enclosed form of proxy intend to vote FOR the resolution approving the Plan.

6. APPROVAL OF NEW BY-LAWS

The Corporation initially adopted its old by-laws ("**Old By-Laws**") in connection with its change to allow for shareholder meetings outside of Alberta in June 2015 per the Articles. On April 24, 2017, the Board determined to repeal the Old By-Laws and adopt new by-laws ("**New By-Laws**") to, principally, implement advance notice provisions in respect of the election of directors at Shareholder meetings and also to include a section covering the issuance, registration and transfer of shares.

The New By-Laws differ from the Old By-Laws in that the New By-Laws:

- Introduce a new requirement that Shareholders give the Corporation advance notice of and details about any
 proposal to nominate directors for election to the Board when nominations are not made by requisitioning a meeting
 or making a Shareholder proposal through the procedure set out in the Act.
 - Annual Shareholders' meeting: notice must be given 30 to 65 days in advance of the meeting. If the meeting is to be held 50 days after the first public announcement of the meeting date, notice must be given within 10 days of such announcement.
 - o Special Shareholders' meeting (that is not also an annual meeting) called to elect directors: notice must be given within 15 days of first public announcement of the special meeting date.

The notice must include information about the proposed nominated director and the Shareholder making the proposal, as prescribed in Section 4 of BY-LAW NO. 2 of the New By-Laws.

This new requirement ensures all Shareholders, including those voting by proxy instead of in person at Shareholders' meetings, receive adequate notice and information about each nominated director so that they can make an informed voting decision in respect of the directors of Banyan Gold Corp.

• Include a new section covering the rules governing the issuance, holding and transferring of shares included the ability of the corporation to have Electronic, Book-Based or other non-certificated Registration methods.

The foregoing summary of the principal differences between the Old By-Laws and the New By-Laws is qualified in its entirety by reference to the complete text of the New By-Laws and, in the event of any conflict between the provisions thereof and this summary, the New By-Laws will govern.

The New By-Laws are set out in Schedule "B" to this Circular. The New By-Laws and the Old By-Laws can also be requested from the Corporations Corporate Secretary at 166 Cougarstone Crescent SW, Calgary AB T3H 4Z5 or at info@banyangold.com.

Shareholder Approval Requirement

Although the New By-Laws became effective on April 24, 2017, Shareholders must confirm the New By-Laws by ordinary resolution (the "By-Law Resolution") at the Meeting in accordance with the provisions of the Act. If Shareholders do not approve the By-Law Resolution, the New By-Laws will no longer be valid and the Old By-Laws will once again be the by-laws that regulate the Corporations business and affairs.

The Board recommends that you vote FOR the By-Law Resolution to approve and adopt the New By-Laws and repeal the Old By-Laws.

Following is the text of the By-Law Resolution to be considered by the Shareholders at the Meeting:

"BE IT RESOLVED AS AN ORDINARY RESOLUTION THAT:

- The new by-laws of Banyan Gold Corp. ("Banyan") adopted by Banyan on April 24, 2017 are approved and confirmed, and the previous by-laws of Banyan are repealed, all as set forth in the management information circular of Banyan dated April 24, 2017.
- 2. The directors of Banyan may revoke this resolution before it is acted upon, without further approval of the Shareholders.
- 3. Any one or more directors or officers of Banyan are authorized to execute and deliver, whether under corporate seal or otherwise, the agreement referred to above and any other agreements, instruments, notices, consents, acknowledgements, certificates and other documents (including any documents required under applicable laws or regulatory policies), and to perform and do all such other acts and things, as any such director or officer in his discretion may consider to be necessary or advisable from time to time in order to give effect to this resolution."

Unless otherwise directed in the proxy, the persons named in the proxy intend to vote in favour of the By-Law Resolution confirming and approving the New By-laws and repealing the Old By-Laws as set forth in this Circular.

7. Other Matters

Management of the Corporation knows of no other matter to come before the Meeting other than those referred to in the notice of Meeting. However, if any other matters which are not known to the management should properly come before the Meeting, the accompanying form of proxy confers discretionary authority upon the persons named therein to vote on such matters in accordance with their best judgment.

STATEMENT OF EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

BANYAN GOLD CORP

(the "Issuer" or "Corporation" for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016)

Named Executive Officer

In this section "Named Executive Officer" ("NEO") means the Chief Executive Officer (the "CFO"), the Chief Financial Officer (the "CFO") and the most highly compensated executive officer, other than the CEO and CFO, who were serving as executive officers at the end of the most recently completed financial year and whose total compensation was more than \$150,000 as well as any additional individuals for whom disclosure would have been provided except that the individual was not serving as an executive officer of the Corporation at the end of the most recently completed financial year.

Tara Christie, President and CEO effective August 3, 2016, Mark Haywood President & CEO from February 1, 2016 to June 30, 2016, Mark Ayranto, Chairman and acting CEO from July 1, 2014 to January 31, 2016 and David Rutt CFO and Corporate Secretary, are each an "NEO" of the Corporation for purposes of the following disclosure.

Summary Compensation Table

The compensation paid to the NEOs during the Corporation's two most recently completed financial years of September 30, 2016 and September 30, 2015 are set out below and expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted:

Name and Position		Salary, consulting fees, retainer or commission	Bonus	Committee or meeting fees	Value of perquisites	Value of all other compensation	Total Comp
	Year	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Tara Christie President & CEO	2016	45,500 ⁽¹⁾	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	45,500
Mark Haywood President & CEO	2016	45,000 ⁽²⁾	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	45,000
Mark Ayranto ⁽³⁾ Chairman, Acting CEO	2016 2015	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	Nil Nil
David Rutt ⁽⁴⁾ CFO	2016 2015	42,000 42,000	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	42,000 42,000

- (1) Amount paid was to KECM Services, a company controlled by Tara Christie, for professional services prior to becoming President & CEO on August 3, 2016.
- (2) Mark Haywood served as President & CEO from February 1 to June 30 2016 and was paid thru his consulting company.
- (3) Mark Ayranto served as acting CEO from July 1, 2014 to January 31, 2016.
- (4) David Rutt was paid thru his consulting company.

Stock Options and Other Compensation Securities

The following table discloses the all compensations securities granted or issued to each NEO and director by the Company or one of its subsidiaries in the financial year ended September 30, 2016 for services provided or to be provided and the total amount of compensation securities held as at the Company's financial year end of September 30, 2016.

	Compensation Securities							
Name and	Type of	Number of underlying securities, number of underlying securities and	Date of issue or	Issue, conversion or exercise	Closing price of security or underlying security on date of	Closing price of security or underlying security at	Francisco	Total amount of comp securities held as at
Name and Position	Comp on Security	percentage of class ⁽¹⁾	grant (m/d/y)	price (\$)	grant (\$)	year end (\$)	Expiry Date	September 30, 2016
Tara	Options	500,000	08/05/21	\$0.065	0.065	0.09	08/06/	500,000
Christie,	Options	500,000	08/26/21	\$0.085	0.085	0.09	21	500,000
President							08/26/	
& CEO							21	
Mark	Options	485,000	12/31/15	0.05	0.035	0.09	12/31/20	Nil
Haywood,	Options	115,000	02/1/16	0.05	0.035	0.09	2/1/2021	Nil
President & CEO								

(1) There were no vesting provisions on the options granted.

Stock Options Held at September 30, 2016 by NEO and Directors with exercise prices between \$0.05 and \$0.15.

Name and Position	Total Options Held
Tara Christie, President & CEO, Director	1,200,000
Mark Ayranto, Chairman, Director	343,350
Richmond Graham, Director	283,350
Jay Collins, Director	175,000
David Rutt, CFO & Corporate Secretary	303,350

Exercise of Compensation Securities by Directors and NEO's

Name and Position	Type of compensation security	Number of underlying securities exercised	Exercise price per security (\$)	Date of exercise	Closing price per security on date of exercise (\$)	Difference between exercise price and closing price on date of exercise (\$)	Total value on exercise date (\$)
Mark Haywood,	Options	200,000	0.05	09/06/16	.07	.02	4,000.00
Former President & CEO	Options	400,000	0.05	09/19/16	.055	.005	2,000.00

No compensation security has been repriced, cancelled and replaced, had its term extended, or otherwise been materially modified, in the most recently completed financial year, including the original and modified terms.

Except for the vesting schedules noted in the above table, there are no restrictions or conditions for converting or exercising the compensation securities.

Stock Option Plan and Other Incentive Plans

On March 15th, 2012, the Board approved the adoption of a new share option plan (the "**Plan**") in order to comply with the current policies of the TSXV and to increase the flexibility of the Corporation to provide incentives to directors, officers, employees, management and others who provide services to the Corporation. This was subsequently ratified by shareholders on April 30, 2012 and re-ratified on June 21, 2016. The Plan is a 10% maximum rolling plan and pursuant to the policies of the TSX-V, the Plan requires shareholder approval by ordinary resolution at every annual meeting of the Corporation while the Plan is in effect.

A description of the rolling stock option plan can be found under "Particulars of Other Maters to be Acted Upon - Rolling Stock Option Plan".

Employment, consulting and management agreements

The Corporation, as at fiscal yearend September 30, 2016, did not have any employment, consulting and management agreements in place and as such, does not have any arrangements for change of control, severance, termination or constructive dismissal.

The Corporation has no arrangements, standard or otherwise, pursuant to which directors are compensated by the Corporation for their services in their capacity as directors, or for committee participation, except for the granting from time to time of incentive stock options in accordance with the policies of the TSXV. The purpose of granting such options is to assist the Corporation in compensating, attracting, retaining and motivating the directors of the Corporation and to closely align the personal interests of such persons to that of the shareholders.

No amounts were paid to any director of the Corporation during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016 for services as a consultant or expert for professional services, except for \$45,500 paid to KECM Services, a Company controlled by Tara Christie, for services issued prior to her becoming President and Chief Executive Officer.

Oversight and Description of Director and Named Executive Officer Compensation

The Company has established a Compensation Committee that is currently comprised of three members (Tara Christie, Jay Collins and Mark Ayranto), the latter two of whom are independent. These persons have the necessary experience to enable them to make decisions on the suitability of the Company's compensation policies or practices

Executive and Employee Compensation Objective and Philosophy

The Board of Directors recognizes that the Company's success depends greatly on its ability to attract, retain and motivate superior performing employees, which can only occur if the Company has an appropriately structured and implemented compensation program.

The principal objectives of the Company's executive compensation program are as follows:

- (a) to attract and retain qualified executive officers, which includes having compensation that is competitive within the marketplace;
- (b) to align executives' interests with those of the shareholders; and
- (c) to reward demonstration of both leadership and performance.

The Company does not have a formal compensation program with set benchmarks. Individual compensation is not

directly tied to performance goals which are based on any specific objective and identifiable measure, such as the Company's share price or earnings per share. However, the Company does have a compensation program which seeks to reward an executive officer's current and future expected performance. Individual performance is reviewed for all executive officers based largely on a qualitative evaluation of the Company's achievement of corporate milestones and objectives.

Compensation Review Process

The Compensation Committee is tasked with the responsibility of, among other things, recommending to the Board compensation policies and guidelines for the Company and for implementing and overseeing compensation policies approved by the Board.

The Compensation Committee reviews annually and makes recommendations to the Board in respect of the compensation paid by the Company to its directors and executive officers. The committee is responsible for reviewing and considering corporate goals and objectives relevant to compensation for all executive officers, evaluating their performance in light of those corporate goals and objectives, and determining (or making recommendations to the Board with respect to) the level of compensation for the executive officers based on this evaluation. In considering executive officers other than the CEO, the committee shall take into account the recommendation of the CEO.

All compensation arrangements between the Company and any director or executive officer of the Company or between any subsidiary of the Company and any director or executive officer of the Company must be approved by the Compensation Committee.

The Board acknowledges that the Company, as a junior natural resource company, does not presently generate any revenues from commercial production, and that all management compensation to date has been derived primarily from cash in the Company's treasury, acquired by way of equity financings to date, and the grant of incentive stock options to management personnel and employees. Salary compensation to the Named Executive Officers is provided to consulting company's owned by the Named Executive Officers and is paid on a month to month basis.

With respect to the longer-term component of executive compensation, options granted to executive officers under the Company's Stock Option Plan serve to align the interests of those persons with the shareholders. As options are generally priced at market value at the time of grant, significant benefits of such compensation, if any, may not be realized by the executive until a significant period of time has passed.

Elements of Executive Compensation Program

The Company's compensation program consists of the following elements:

- (a) base salary or consulting fees;
- (b) equity participation though the Company's Stock Option Plan.

Base Salary or Consulting Fees

The Named Executive Officers of the Company are primarily compensated indirectly through consulting fees payable by the Company to their respective management companies on a month to month basis. In determining the annual base consulting fees, the Board of Directors, with the recommendation of the Corporate Governance and Compensation Committee, considered the following factors:

- (a) the particular responsibilities related to the position;
- (b) salaries paid by other companies in the mining industry which were similar in size as the Company, at the same stage of development as the Company and considered comparable to the Company;

- (c) the experience level of the Named Executive Officer; and
- (d) the amount of time and commitment which the Named Executive Officer devoted to the Company and is expected to devote to the Company in the future.

The Corporate Governance and Compensation Committee annually reviews the base consulting fees payable to the Named Executive Officers based on the aforementioned criteria to ensure that compensation levels are competitive and fair.

Equity Participation

The Company provides for equity participation in the Company through its Stock Option Plan. See "Stock Option Plans and Other Incentive Plans". The granting of stock options is intended to encourage the maximization of shareholder value by better aligning the interests of the executive officers with the interests of shareholders.

Pension Disclosure

The Company does not provide a pension to any NEO or director.

AUDIT COMMITTEE AND RELATIONSHIP WITH AUDITOR

National Instrument 52-110 – *Audit Committees* of the Canadian Securities Administrators ("**NI 52-110**") requires the Corporation, as a venture issuer, to disclose annually in its management proxy circular certain information concerning the constitution of its audit committee and its relationship with its independent auditor, as set forth in the following:

The Audit Committee's Charter

The audit committee has a charter. A copy of the audit committee charter is attached hereto as Schedule "A".

Composition of the Audit Committee

The current members of the audit committee are Richmond Graham, Jay Collins and Mark Ayranto. Mark Ayranto and Richmond Graham are independent members of the audit committee as contemplated by NI 52-110. All audit committee members are considered to be financially literate. With the departure of Mr. Graham from the board, a new audit committee will be constituted after the Annual General and Special Meeting.

Relevant Education and Experience

See disclosure under heading "Election of Directors".

Each member of the audit committee has adequate education and experience that is relevant to their performance as an audit committee member and, in particular, the requisite education and experience that have provided the member with:

- an understanding of the accounting principles used by the issuer to prepare its financial statements, and the ability to assess the general application of those principles in connection with estimates, accruals and reserves;
- experience preparing, auditing, analyzing or evaluating financial statements that present a breadth and level of complexity of accounting issues that are generally comparable to the breadth and complexity of issues that can reasonably be expected to be raised by the issuer's financial statements, or experience actively supervising individuals engaged in such activities; and
- an understanding of internal controls and procedures for financial reporting.

Audit Committee Oversight

The audit committee has not made any recommendations to the Board to nominate or compensate any auditor other than John J. Geib, Chartered Accountant.

Reliance on Certain Exemptions

The Corporation's auditor, John J. Geib, Chartered Accountant, has not provided any material non-audit services.

Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures

See audit committee charter for specific policies and procedures for the engagement of non-audit services adopted by the audit committee

External Auditor Service Fees

The audit committee has reviewed the nature and amount of the non-audit services provided by John J. Geib, Chartered Accountant to the Corporation to ensure auditor independence. Fees incurred are outlined in the following table.

	Fees Paid to Auditor in Year Ended	Fees Paid to Auditor in Year		
Nature of Services	September 30, 2016.	Ended September 30, 2015.		
Audit Fees ⁽¹⁾	\$16,000	\$16,000		
Audit-Related Fees ⁽²⁾	-	-		
Tax Fees ⁽³⁾	2,000	2,000		
All Other Fee ⁽⁴⁾	-	-		
Total	\$18,000	\$18,000		

Notes:

- "Audit Fees" include fees necessary to perform the annual audit and quarterly reviews of the Corporation's consolidated financial statements.

 Audit Fees include fees for review of tax provisions and for accounting consultations on matters reflected in the financial statements. Audit Fees also include audit or other attest services required by legislation or regulation, such as comfort letters, consents, reviews of securities filings and statutory audits.
- "Audit-Related Fees" include services that are traditionally performed by the auditor. These audit-related services include employee benefit audits, due diligence assistance, accounting consultations on proposed transactions, internal control reviews and audit or attest services not required by legislation or regulation.
- "Tax Fees" include fees for all tax services other than those included in "Audit Fees" and "Audit-Related Fees". This category includes fees for tax compliance, tax planning and tax advice. Tax planning and tax advice includes assistance with tax audits and appeals, tax advice related to mergers and acquisitions, and requests for rulings or technical advice from tax authorities.
- (4) "All Other Fees" include all other non-audit services.

Exemption

The Corporation is relying upon the exemption in section 6.1 of NI 52-110 in respect of the composition of its audit committee and in respect of its reporting obligations under NI 52-110 for the year ended September 30, 2016. This exemption exempts a "venture issuer" from the requirement to have 100% of its members independent, as would otherwise be required by NI 52-110.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Corporate governance refers to the policies and structure of the board of directors of a company, whose members are elected by and are accountable to the shareholders of the Corporation. Corporate governance encourages establishing a reasonable degree of independence of the board of directors from executive management and the adoption of policies to ensure the board of directors recognizes the principles of good management. The Board is committed to sound corporate governance practices as such practices are both in the interests of shareholders and help to contribute to effective and efficient decision-making.

Board of Directors

Directors are considered to be independent if they have no direct or indirect material relationship with the Corporation. A "material relationship" is a relationship which could, in the view of the Board, be reasonably expected to interfere with the exercise of a director's independent judgment or which is deemed to be a material relationship under NI 52-110.

The current independent directors of the Corporation are Mark Ayranto, Steve Burleton, Richmond Graham, Jay Collins & David Reid. The non-independent directors are Tara Christie as she is an officer of the Corporation.

Directorships of the Proposed Board

Name of Director	Name of Reporting Issuer	Market	Position	From	То
Tara Christie	Banyan Gold Corp.	TSX-V	Director	June 2013	Present
	Constantine Metal Resources Ltd.	TSX-V	Director	July 2006	Present
	Klondike Gold	TSX-V	Director	July 2016	Present
Steve Burleton	Banyan Gold Corp.	TSX-V	Director	March 2017	Present
Mark Ayranto	Banyan Gold Corp.	TSX-V	Chairman & Director	July 2010	Present
Jay Collins	Banyan Gold Corp.	TSX-V	Director	June 2013	Present
	Nevada Copper	TSX -V	Director	Sept 2012	Dec 2013
	Selwyn Resources	TSX-V	Director	Sept 2012	Apr 2013
David Reid	Banyan Gold Corp.	TSX-V	Director	March 2017	Present

Nomination of Directors

The Board of Directors considers the Boards size each year when it considers the number of directors to recommend, taking into account the number required to carry out the Board's duties effectively and to maintain a diversity of views and experience.

Recommendations from the Board of Directors are presented to the shareholders at the annual general meeting for approval.

Compensation

The directors of the Corporation are not paid an annual director's fee nor are they paid a fee to attend Board meetings. Directors are compensated only for time spent directly on the Corporation's business.

Orientation and Continuing Education

When new directors are appointed, they receive orientation commensurate with their previous experience on the Corporation's properties and on the responsibilities of directors.

Board meetings may also include presentations by the Corporation's management and employees to give the directors additional insight into the Corporation's business.

Ethical Business Conduct

The Board has found that the fiduciary duties placed on individual directors by the Corporation's governing corporate legislation and the common law and the restrictions placed by applicable corporate legislation on an individual directors' participation in decisions of the Board in which the director has an interest have been sufficient to ensure that the Board operates independently of management and in the best interests of the Corporation.

Other Board Committees

The Board has a Compensation committee.

Assessments

The Board monitors the adequacy of information given to directors, communication between the Board and management and the strategic direction and processes of the Board and its audit committee.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information relating to the Corporation is included in the audited financial statements for the year September 30, 2016 and 2015, the auditor's report and related management discussion and analysis, a copy of which is filed on www.sedar.com. Copies of the Corporation's most current interim financial statements and the accompanying management discussion and analysis may be obtained from www.sedar.com. A copy of the financial statements material is also available upon request from the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer at the office of the Corporation, telephone number: (403) 450-8450, fax number: (403) 450-8450.

OTHER MATTERS

The Board is not aware of any other matters which it anticipates will come before the Meeting as of the date of mailing of this management proxy circular.

SHAREHOLDER PROPOSALS

Pursuant to Alberta law, shareholder proposals to be considered for inclusion in the management proxy circular for the 2016 annual meeting of the Corporation must be received by the Secretary of the Corporation on or before the close of business on September 30, 2016.

DIRECTORS' APPROVAL

The contents of this management proxy circular and its distribution to shareholders have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Corporation.

DATED at Calgary, Alberta, April 24, 2017.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

"Mark Ayranto"

Mark Ayranto Chairman

SCHEDULE A

BANYAN GOLD CORP. (the "Corporation")

AUDIT COMMITTEE CHARTER

1. Mandate

The audit committee will assist the board of directors (the "Board") in fulfilling its financial oversight responsibilities. The audit committee will review and consider in consultation with the auditors the financial reporting process, the system of internal control and the audit process. In performing its duties, the audit committee will maintain effective working relationships with the Board, management, and the external auditors. To effectively perform their role, each audit committee member must obtain an understanding of the principal responsibilities of audit committee membership as well and the Corporation's business, operations and risks.

2. Composition

The Board will appoint from among their membership an audit committee after each annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Corporation. The audit committee will consist of a minimum of three directors.

2.1 Independence

A majority of the members of the audit committee must not be officers, employees or control persons of the Corporation.

2.2 Expertise of Committee Members

Each member of the audit committee must be financially literate or must become financially literate within a reasonable period of time after his or her appointment to the committee. At least one member of the audit committee must have accounting or related financial management expertise. The Board shall interpret the qualifications of financial literacy and financial management expertise in its business judgment and shall conclude whether a director meets these qualifications.

3. Meetings

The audit committee shall meet in accordance with a schedule established each year by the Board, and at other times that the audit committee may determine. The audit committee shall meet at least annually with the Corporation's Chief Financial Officer and external auditors in separate executive sessions.

4. Roles and Responsibilities

The audit committee shall fulfill the following roles and discharge the following responsibilities:

4.1 External Audit

The audit committee shall be directly responsible for overseeing the work of the external auditors in preparing or issuing the auditor's report, including the resolution of disagreements between management and the external auditors regarding financial reporting and audit scope or procedures. In carrying out this duty, the audit committee shall:

- (a) recommend to the Board the external auditor to be nominated by the shareholders for the purpose of preparing or issuing an auditor's report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Corporation;
- (b) review (by discussion and enquiry) the external auditors' proposed audit scope and approach;
- (c) review the performance of the external auditors and recommend to the Board the appointment or discharge of the external auditors;
- (d) review and recommend to the Board the compensation to be paid to the external auditors; and
- (e) review and confirm the independence of the external auditors by reviewing the non-audit services provided and the external auditors' assertion of their independence in accordance with professional standards.

4.2 Internal Control

The audit committee shall consider whether adequate controls are in place over annual and interim financial reporting as well as controls over assets, transactions and the creation of obligations, commitments and liabilities of the Corporation. In carrying out this duty, the audit committee shall:

(a) evaluate the adequacy and effectiveness of management's system of internal controls over the accounting and financial reporting system within the Corporation; and

(b) ensure that the external auditors discuss with the audit committee any event or matter which suggests the possibility of fraud, illegal acts or deficiencies in internal controls.

4.3 Financial Reporting

The audit committee shall review the financial statements and financial information prior to its release to the public. In carrying out this duty, the audit committee shall:

General

- (a) review significant accounting and financial reporting issues, especially complex, unusual and related party transactions;
- (b) review and ensure that the accounting principles selected by management in preparing financial statements are appropriate.

Annual Financial Statements

- review the draft annual financial statements and provide a recommendation to the Board with respect to the approval of the financial statements;
- (b) meet with management and the external auditors to review the financial statements and the results of the audit, including any difficulties encountered; and
- (c) review management's discussion & analysis respecting the annual reporting period prior to its release to the public.

Interim Financial Statements

- (a) review and approve the interim financial statements prior to their release to the public; and
- (b) review management's discussion & analysis respecting the interim reporting period prior to its release to the public.

Release of Financial Information

(a) where reasonably possible, review and approve all public disclosure, including news releases, containing financial information, prior to its release to the public.

4.4 Non-Audit Services

All non-audit services (being services other than services rendered for the audit and review of the financial statements or services that are normally provided by the external auditor in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements) which are proposed to be provided by the external auditors to the Corporation or any subsidiary of the Corporation shall be subject to the prior approval of the audit committee.

Delegation of Authority

(a) The audit committee may delegate to one or more independent members of the audit committee the authority to approve non-audit services, provided any non-audit services approved in this manner must be presented to the audit committee at its next scheduled meeting.

De-Minimis Non-Audit Services

- (a) The audit committee may satisfy the requirement for the pre-approval of non-audit services if:
 - (i) the aggregate amount of all non-audit services that were not pre-approved is reasonably expected to constitute no more than five per cent of the total amount of fees paid by the Corporation and its subsidiaries to the external auditor during the fiscal year in which the services are provided; or
 - (ii) the services are brought to the attention of the audit committee and approved, prior to the completion of the audit, by the audit committee or by one or more of its members to whom authority to grant such approvals has been delegated.

Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures

- (b) The audit committee may also satisfy the requirement for the pre-approval of non-audit services by adopting specific policies and procedures for the engagement of non-audit services, if:
 - (i) the pre-approval policies and procedures are detailed as to the particular service;
 - (ii) the audit committee is informed of each non-audit service; and
 - (iii) the procedures do not include delegation of the audit committee's responsibilities to management.

4.5 Other Responsibilities

The audit committee shall:

- (a) establish procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Corporation regarding accounting, internal accounting controls, or auditing matters;
- (b) establish procedures for the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of the Corporation of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters;
- (c) ensure that significant findings and recommendations made by management and external auditor are received and discussed on a timely basis;
- (d) review the policies and procedures in effect for considering officers' expenses and perquisites;
- (e) perform other oversight functions as requested by the Board; and
- (f) review and update this Charter and receive approval of changes to this Charter from the Board.

4.6 Reporting Responsibilities

The audit committee shall regularly update the Board about audit committee activities and make appropriate recommendations.

5. Resources and Authority of the Audit Committee

The audit committee shall have the resources and the authority appropriate to discharge its responsibilities, including the authority to

- (a) engage independent counsel and other advisors as it determines necessary to carry out its duties;
- (b) set and pay the compensation for any advisors employed by the audit committee; and
- (c) communicate directly with the internal and external auditors.

6. Guidance — Roles & Responsibilities

The following guidance is intended to provide the audit committee members with additional guidance on fulfilment of their roles and responsibilities on the committee:

6.1 Internal Control

- (a) evaluate whether management is setting the goal of high standards by communicating the importance of internal control and ensuring that all individuals possess an understanding of their roles and responsibilities;
- (b) focus on the extent to which external auditors review computer systems and applications, the security of such systems and applications, and the contingency plan for processing financial information in the event of an IT systems breakdown; and
- (c) gain an understanding of whether internal control recommendations made by external auditors have been implemented by management.

6.2 Financial Reporting

General

- (a) review significant accounting and reporting issues, including recent professional and regulatory pronouncements, and understand their impact on the financial statements; and
- (b) ask management and the external auditors about significant risks and exposures and the plans to minimize such risks;and
- (c) understand industry best practices and the Corporation's adoption of them.

Annual Financial Statements

- (d) review the annual financial statements and determine whether they are complete and consistent with the information known to committee members, and assess whether the financial statements reflect appropriate accounting principles in light of the jurisdictions in which the Corporation reports or trades its shares;
- (e) pay attention to complex and/or unusual transactions such as restructuring charges and derivative disclosures;

- (f) focus on judgmental areas such as those involving valuation of assets and liabilities, including, for example, the accounting for and disclosure of loan losses; warranty, professional liability; litigation reserves; and other commitments and contingencies;
- (g) consider management's handling of proposed audit adjustments identified by the external auditors; and
- (h) ensure that the external auditors communicate all required matters to the committee.

Interim Financial Statements

- (i) be briefed on how management develops and summarizes interim financial information, the extent to which the external auditors review interim financial information;
- meet with management and the auditors, either telephonically or in person, to review the interim financial statements;
 and
- (k) to gain insight into the fairness of the interim statements and disclosures, obtain explanations from management on whether:
 - (i) actual financial results for the quarter or interim period varied significantly from budgeted or projected results;
 - (ii) changes in financial ratios and relationships of various balance sheet and operating statement figures in the interim financials statements are consistent with changes in the Corporation's operations and financing practices;
 - (iii) generally accepted accounting principles have been consistently applied;
 - (iv) there are any actual or proposed changes in accounting or financial reporting practices;
 - (v) there are any significant or unusual events or transactions;
 - (vi) the Corporation's financial and operating controls are functioning effectively;
 - (vii) the Corporation has complied with the terms of loan agreements, security indentures or other financial position or results dependent agreement; and
 - (viii) the interim financial statements contain adequate and appropriate disclosures.

6.3 Compliance with Laws and Regulations

- (a) periodically obtain updates from management regarding compliance with this policy and industry "best practices";
- (b) be satisfied that all regulatory compliance matters have been considered in the preparation of the financial statements; and
- (c) review the findings of any examinations by securities regulatory authorities and stock exchanges.

6.4 Other Responsibilities

(a) review, with the Corporation's counsel, any legal matters that could have a significant impact on the Corporation's financial statements.

SCHEDULE B

BY-LAW NO. ONE

A BY-LAW RELATING GENERALLY TO THE TRANSACTION OF THE
BUSINESS AND AFFAIRS OF
BANYAN GOLD CORP.

PART I DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATION

Section 1.1 Definitions

In the By-laws, unless the context otherwise requires:

"Act" means the *Business Corporations Act* (Alberta), as amended, and all regulations under the Act in force from time to time;

"appoint" includes elect and viceversa;

"Articles" includes the original or restated articles of incorporation, articles of amendment, articles of amalgamation, articles of continuance, articles of reorganization, articles of arrangement, articles of dissolution and articles of revival of the Corporation, and any amendment to any of them;

"Board" means the board of directors of the Corporation;

"By-laws" means this by-law and all other by-laws of the Corporation from time to time in force;

"Corporation" means Banyan Gold Corp.;

"Director" means an individual who is duly elected or appointed as a director of the Corporation;

"Indemnified Party" has the meaning set out in section 5.2 for purposes of that section;

"officer" means any officer of the Corporation appointed by the Board; and "shareholder" means a shareholder of the Corporation.

Section 1.2 Interpretation

In the By-laws, except if defined in Section 1.1 or the context does not permit:

words and expressions defined in the Act have the meaning given to them in the Act;

words importing the singular include the plural and vice versa;

words importing gender include masculine, feminine and neuter genders;

and words importing persons include bodies corporate.

Section 1.3 Headings

The headings used in the By-laws are inserted for convenience of reference only. The headings are not to be considered or taken into account in construing the terms of the By-laws nor are they to be deemed in any way to clarify, modify or explain the effect of any term of the By-laws.

Section 1.4 By-laws Subject to the Act, etc.

The By-laws are subject to the Act, any unanimous shareholder agreement relating to the Corporation and the Articles, in that order.

PARTII SHAREHOLDERS

Section 2.1 Place and Time of Meetings

Subject to the Act, meetings of the shareholders shall be held at such time and on such day as determined by the Board and shall be held as provided for in the articles, or failing any reference in the articles, at such place in Alberta as the board may determine.

Section 2.2 Calling of Meetings

The Board must call an annual meeting of shareholders not later than fifteen months after holding the last preceding annual meeting and may at any time call a special meeting of shareholders at the time the Board determines.

Section 2.3 Notice of Meetings

Notice of the time and place of a meeting of shareholders must be sent not less than twenty-one days and not more than fifty days before the meeting:

- (a) to each shareholder entitled to vote at the meeting;
- (b) to each director; and
- (c) to the auditor of the Corporation.

Section 2.4 Notice to Joint Shareholders

If two or more persons are registered as joint holders of any share, notice to one of those persons is sufficient notice to all of them. A notice must be addressed to all those joint holders and the address to be used by the Corporation must be the address appearing in the securities register of the Corporation in respect of that joint holding or the first address appearing if there is more than one address.

Section 2.5 Failure to Give Notice

The accidental failure to give notice of a meeting of shareholders to any person entitled to a notice or any error in a notice not affecting its substance does not invalidate any action taken at the meeting to which the notice relates.

Section 2.6 Waiver of Notice

A shareholder or any other person entitled to attend a meeting of shareholders may waive, in any manner, notice of a meeting of shareholders. Attendance of a shareholder or other person at a meeting of shareholders is a waiver of notice of the meeting, except when the shareholder or other person attends the meeting for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business on the grounds that the meeting is not lawfully called.

Section 2.7 Notice of Adjourned Meetings

With the consent of the shareholders present at a meeting of shareholders, the chairperson may adjourn that meeting to another fixed time and place. If a meeting of shareholders is adjourned by one or more adjournments for an aggregate of less than thirty days, it is not necessary to give notice of the adjourned meeting, other than by verbal announcement at the time of the adjournment. If a meeting of shareholders is adjourned by one or more adjournments for an aggregate of thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting must be given as for the original meeting.

Section 2.8 Persons Entitled to be Present

The only persons entitled to be present at a meeting of shareholders are:

- (a) the shareholders entitled to vote at the meeting;
- (b) any individual authorized by a resolution of the directors or governing body of a body corporate or association which is a shareholder entitled to vote at the meeting;
- (c) the directors and officers;
- (d) the auditor of the Corporation; and
- (e) any others who, although not entitled to vote, are entitled or required under any provision of the Act, any unanimous shareholder agreement, the Articles or the By-laws to be present at the meeting.

Any other person may be admitted only on the invitation of the chairperson of the meeting or with the consent of the meeting.

Section 2.9 Meeting by Electronic Means/Telephone

Any person described in paragraphs (a) through (e) of section 2.8 may participate in a meeting of the shareholders by electronic means, telephone or other communication facilities that permit all persons participating in the meeting to hear each other. A shareholder participating in a meeting by means of telephone or other communication facilities is deemed to be present at the meeting.

Section 2.10 Quorum

If the number of shareholders of the Corporation is two or more, then the quorum for a meeting of the shareholders shall be two individuals personally present, each of whom is either a shareholder entitled to attend and vote at such meeting, a proxy holder appointed by such a shareholder or a duly appointed representative of such a shareholder that is a body corporate, and holding or representing not less than 5% of the issued shares of the Corporation enjoying voting rights at such meeting.

Section 2.11 Loss of Quorum

If a quorum is present at the opening of a meeting of shareholders, the shareholders present may proceed with the business of the meeting, even if quorum is not present throughout the meeting. If a quorum is not present within one hour from the opening of a meeting of shareholders, the shareholders personally present or represented at the meeting may adjourn the meeting to a fixed time (which time shall be not more than an aggregate of thirty days from the time of the adjourned meeting) and the same place as the adjourned meeting but may not transact any other business.

Section 2.12 Chairperson

The chairperson of any meeting of shareholders will be the first mentioned of the following officers (if appointed) present at the meeting: Chairman of the Board, President, Senior Vice-President or any other Vice-President. If none of the Chairman of the Board, President or Senior Vice-President is present at the meeting, and if more than one Vice-President is present, the first Vice-President to arrive will be chairperson of the meeting. If none of the foregoing officers is present, the shareholders present and entitled to vote at the meeting may choose a chairperson from among those individuals present.

Section 2.13 Procedure at Meetings

The chairperson of any meeting of shareholders will conduct the proceedings at the meeting in all respects. The chairperson's decision on any matter or thing relating to procedure, including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, any question regarding the validity of any instrument of proxy, is conclusive and binding upon the shareholders.

Section 2.14 Voting

Voting at a meeting of shareholders must be by a show of hands of those present in person or represented by proxy or by a verbal poll of those present by telephone or other communication facilities. If a ballot is required by the chairperson of the meeting or is demanded by a shareholder or proxy entitled to vote at the meeting, either before or on the declaration of the result of a vote by a show of hands or verbal poll, voting must be by ballot. A demand for a ballot may be withdrawn at any time before the ballot is taken. If a ballot is taken on a question, a prior vote on that question by show of hands or verbal poll has no effect. At every meeting a shareholder present in person or represented by proxy or present by telephone or other communication facilities and entitled to vote has one vote on a show of hands and, subject to the Articles, one vote on a ballot for each share held.

Section 2.15 Decision on Questions

At every meeting of shareholders all questions proposed for the consideration of shareholders must be decided by the majority of votes, unless otherwise required by the Act or the Articles. In the case of an equality of votes, the chairperson does not, either on a show of hands or verbal poll or on a ballot, have a casting vote in addition to the vote or votes to which the chairperson may be entitled as a shareholder or proxy.

Section 2.16 Resolution in Lieu of Meeting

A resolution in writing signed by all the shareholders entitled to vote on that resolution is as valid as if it had been passed at a meeting of the shareholders. A resolution in writing may be signed in one or more counterparts, all of which together constitute the same resolution. A facsimile of a signed counterpart of a resolution in writing is as valid as an originally signed counterpart.

PART III DIRECTORS

Section 3.1 Number of Directors

The Board consists of that number of directors as the shareholders may determine from time to time by ordinary resolution, but there must not be less than the minimum and not more than the maximum number of directors permitted by the Articles at any one time.

Section 3.2 Nomination, Election and Term of Office

At each annual meeting of shareholders at which an election of directors is required, the shareholders, by ordinary resolution, must elect directors to hold office for a term expiring not later than the close of the next annual meeting of shareholders following the election. Nominations for directors will be pursuant to By-law No 2 - Advance Notice.

Section 3.3 Calling of Meetings

The Chairman of the Board, if any, the President or any director may call a meeting of directors. A meeting of directors may be held at any place within the municipality in which the registered office of the Corporation is located or at any other place determined by the Board.

Section 3.4 Notice of Meetings

Notice in writing of the time and place of a meeting of directors must be sent to each director not less than forty-eight hours before the time fixed for that meeting.

Section 3.5 Failure to Give Notice

The accidental failure to give notice of a meeting of directors to any director entitled to a notice or any error in a notice not affecting its substance does not invalidate any action taken at the meeting to which the notice relates.

Section 3.6 Waiver of Notice

A director may waive, in any manner, notice of a meeting of directors. Attendance of a director at a meeting of directors is a waiver of notice of the meeting, except when the director attends the meeting for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business on the grounds that the meeting is not lawfully called.

Section 3.7 Meetings Without Notice

No notice of meeting need be given:

- (a) to a newly elected Board following its election at an annual or special meeting of shareholders; or
- (b) for a meeting of directors at which a director is appointed to fill a vacancy in the Board, if a quorum is present.

Section 3.8 Meeting by Electronic Means/Telephone

If all the directors consent, a director may participate in a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors by electronic means, telephone or other communication facilities that permit all persons participating in the meeting to hear each other. A director participating in a meeting by means of telephone or other communication facilities is deemed to be present at the meeting.

Section 3.9 Quorum

From time to time the directors may fix the quorum for meetings of directors or of a committee of directors, but unless so fixed, a majority of the directors or of a committee of directors constitutes a quorum and, to the extent required by the Act, no business may be transacted unless at least one-half of the directors present are resident. Canadians.

Section 3.10 Chairperson of Meetings

The chairperson of any meeting of directors will be the first mentioned of the following officers (if appointed) who is a director and is present at the meeting: Chairman of the Board, President, Senior Vice-President or any other Vice-President. If none of the Chairman of the Board, President or Senior Vice-President is present at the meeting, and if more than one Vice-President is present, the first Vice-President to arrive will be chairperson of the meeting. If none of the foregoing officers is present, the directors present may choose one of their number to be chairperson of the meeting.

Section 3.11 Decision on Questions

At every meeting of directors all questions proposed for the consideration of the directors must be decided by the majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes, the chairperson does not have a casting vote.

Section 3.12 Resolution in Lieu of Meeting

A resolution in writing signed by all the directors entitled to vote on that resolution at a meeting of directors or committee of directors is as valid as if it had been passed at a meeting of directors or committee of directors. A resolution in writing may be signed in one or more counterparts, all of which together constitute the same resolution. A facsimile or a duplicate copy produced by electronic means of a signed counterpart of a resolution in writing is as valid as an originally signed counterpart.

Section 3.13 Borrowing Power

Without authorization of the shareholders, the directors may authorize the Corporation to:

- (a) borrow money on the credit of the Corporation;
- (b) issue, reissue, sell or pledge debt obligations of the Corporation;
- subject to section 45 of the Act, give a guarantee on behalf of the Corporation to secure performance of an obligation of any person; And
- (d) mortgage, hypothecate, pledge or otherwise create a security interest in all or any
- (e) property of the Corporation, owned or subsequently acquired, to secure any obligation of the Corporation.

The directors, by resolution, may delegate to a director, a committee of directors or an officer all or any of the powers conferred on them by this section.

Section 3.14 Compensation

The Corporation may pay to the directors the remuneration fixed by the Board and may reimburse the directors in respect of transportation and other expenses actually incurred in attending meetings of the directors or in otherwise performing the duties of their office.

PART IV OFFICERS

Section 4.1 Appointment of Officers

The directors may designate offices of the Corporation and appoint individuals to those offices as they consider advisable. No officer need be a director. The same individual may hold two or more offices of the Corporation.

Section 4.2 Term of Office

All officers are subject to removal by the directors, with or without cause. An officer may resign at any time by giving notice to the Board.

Section 4.3 Duties of Officers

Subject to any limitations imposed by the Act, any unanimous shareholder agreement or the Articles, an officer has all the powers and authority and must perform all the duties usually incident to, or specified by the By-laws or the Board for, the office held.

PART V LIABILITY ANDINDEMNIFICATION

Section 5.1 Limitation of Liability

Every director and officer in exercising the powers and discharging the duties of office must act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Corporation and must exercise the care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent person would exercise in comparable circumstances. No director or officer is liable for:

- (a) the acts, omissions or defaults of any other director or officer or an employee of the Corporation,
- (b) any loss, damage or expense incurred by the Corporation through the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Corporation,
- (c) the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the money of the Corporation is invested,
- any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency or tortious or criminal acts of any person with whom any of the Corporation's money is, or securities or other property are, deposited,
- (e) any loss occasioned by any error of judgement or oversight, or
- (f) any other loss, damage or misfortune which occurs in the execution of the duties of office or in relation to it,

unless occasioned by the willful neglect or default of that director or officer. Nothing in this By-law relieves any director or officer of any liability imposed by the Act or otherwise by law.

Section 5.2 Indemnity

Subject to the Act, the Corporation indemnifies a director or officer, a former director or officer and a person who acts or acted at the Corporation's request as a director or officer of a body corporate of which the Corporation is or was a shareholder or creditor (the "Indemnified Parties") and the heirs and legal representatives of each of them, against all costs, charges and expenses, which includes, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the fees, charges and disbursements of legal counsel on an as-between-a-solicitor-and-his-own-client basis and an amount paid to settle an action or satisfy a judgement, reasonably incurred by an Indemnified Party, or the heirs or legal representatives of an Indemnified Party, or both, in respect of any action or proceeding to which any of them is made a party by reason of an Indemnified Party being or having been a director or officer of the Corporation or that body corporate, if

- (a) the Indemnified Party acted honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Corporation; and
- (b) in the case of a criminal or administrative action or proceeding that is enforced by a monetary penalty, the Indemnified Party had reasonable grounds for believing that the Indemnified Party's conduct was lawful.

The Corporation indemnifies an Indemnified Party and the heirs and legal representatives of an Indemnified Party in any other circumstances that the Act permits or requires. Nothing in this By-law limits the right of a person entitled to indemnity to claim indemnity apart from the provisions of this By-law.

Section 5.3 Insurance

The Corporation may purchase and maintain insurance for the benefit of a person referred to in section 5.2 against the liabilities and in the amounts the Act permits and the Board approves.

PART VI SHARES AND TRANSFERS

Section 6.1 Issuance

Subject to the articles and to the provisions of the Act, shares in the Corporation may be issued at the times and to the persons and for the consideration that the directors determine; provided that a share shall not be issued until the consideration for the share is fully paid in money or in property or past service that is not less in value than the fair equivalent of the money that the Corporation would have received if the share had been issued for money.

Section 6.2 Security Certificates

Security certificates (if any) shall (subject to compliance with the provisions of the Act) be in such form as the directors may from time to time by resolution approve and such certificates shall be signed by at least one director or officer of the Corporation or by or on behalf of a registrar, transfer agent or branch transfer agent of the Corporation, or by a trustee who certifies it in accordance with a trust indenture. Any signatures required on a security certificate may be printed or otherwise mechanically reproduced on it. If a security certificate contains a printed or mechanically reproduced signature of a person, the Corporation may issue the security certificate, notwithstanding that the person has ceased to be a director or an officer of the Corporation, and the security certificate is as valid as if he or she were a director or an officer at the date of its issue.

Section 6.3 Agent

The directors may from time to time by resolution appoint or remove (i) one or more trust corporations as its agent or agents to maintain a central securities register or registers or (ii) an agent or agents to maintain a branch securities register or registers for the Corporation.

Section 6.4 Dealings with Registered Holder

Subject to the Act, any applicable securities transfer and civil enforcement legislation and this by-law, the Corporation may treat the registered owner of a security as the person exclusively entitled to vote, to receive notices, to receive any interest, dividend or other payments in respect of the security, and otherwise to exercise all the rights and powers of an owner of the security.

Section 6.5 Registration of Transfers

Subject to the Act and any applicable securities transfer and civil enforcement legislation, no transfer of a security shall be registered in a securities register except (i) upon presentation of the certificate (or, where applicable, other evidence of electronic, book-based, direct registration service or other non-certificated entry or position on the register of security holders) representing such security with an endorsement or completed stock power of attorney which complies with any applicable securities transfer and civil enforcement legislation made thereon or delivered therewith duly executed by an appropriate person as provided by any applicable securities transfer and civil enforcement legislation, together with such reasonable assurance that the endorsement is genuine and authorized as the board or the Corporation's transfer agent may from time to time prescribe, (ii) upon payment of all applicable taxes and any reasonable fees prescribed by the board, (iii) upon compliance with such restrictions on transfer as are imposed by statute or the articles of the Corporation and (iv) upon compliance with and satisfaction of such other requirements as the Corporation or its transfer agent may reasonably impose.

Section 6.6 Defaced, Destroyed, Stolen or Lost Security Certificates

In case of the defacement, destruction, theft or loss of a security certificate, the fact of such defacement, destruction, theft or loss shall be reported by the owner to the Corporation or to an agent of the Corporation (if any), on behalf of the Corporation, with a statement verified by oath or statutory declaration as to the defacement, destruction, theft or loss and the circumstances concerning the same and with a request for the issuance of a new security certificate to replace the one so defaced (together with the surrender of the defaced security certificate), destroyed, stolen or lost. Upon the giving to the Corporation (or if there be an agent, hereinafter in this paragraph referred to as the "Corporation's agent", then to the Corporation and the Corporation's agent) of a bond of a surety company (or other security approved by the directors) in such form as is approved by the directors or by any officer of the Corporation, indemnifying the Corporation (and the Corporation's agent if any) against all loss, damage or expense, which the Corporation and/or the Corporation's agent may suffer or be liable for by reason of the issuance of a new security certificate to such owner, and subject to compliance by such owner and the Corporation with the provisions of any applicable securities transfer legislation, a new security certificate shall be issued in replacement of the one defaced, destroyed, stolen or lost, and such issuance may be ordered and authorized by any officer or by the directors.

Section 6.8 Electronic, Book-Based or Other Non-Certificated Registered Positions

For greater certainty but subject to the provisions of the Act, a registered securityholder may have his holdings of securities of the Corporation evidenced by an electronic, book-based, direct registration service or other non-certificated entry or position on the register of securityholders to be kept by the Corporation in place of a physical security certificate pursuant to a registration system that may be adopted by the Corporation, in conjunction with its transfer agent (if any). This by-law shall be read such that a registered holder of securities of the Corporation pursuant to any such electronic, book-based, direct registration service or other non-certificated entry or position shall be entitled to all of the same benefits, rights, entitlements and shall incur the same duties and obligations as a registered holder of securities evidenced by a physical security certificate. The Corporation and its transfer agent may adopt such policies and procedures and require such documents and evidence as they may determine necessary or desirable in order to facilitate the adoption and maintenance of a security registration system by electronic, book-based, direct registration system or other non-certificated means.

BY-LAW NO. 2

ADVANCE NOTICE BY-LAW

A BY-LAW RELATING GENERALLY TO THE NOMINATIONS

OF THE DIRECTORS OF

BANYAN GOLD CORP.

(the Corporation)

INTRODUCTION

The Corporation is committed to: (i) facilitating an orderly and efficient annual or, where the need arises, special meeting, process; (ii) ensuring that all shareholders receive adequate notice of director nominations and sufficient information with respect to all nominees; (iii) allowing the Corporation and shareholders to evaluate all nominees' qualifications and suitability as a director of the Corporation; and (iv) allowing shareholders to cast an informed vote.

The purpose of this Advance Notice By-law (the By-law) is to provide shareholders, directors and management of the Corporation with guidance on the nomination of directors. This By-law is the framework by which the Corporation seeks to fix a deadline by which holders of record of common shares of the Corporation must submit director nominations to the Corporation prior to any annual or special meeting of shareholders and sets forth the information that a shareholder must include in the notice to the Corporation for the notice to be in proper written form.

NOMINATIONS OF DIRECTORS

1. Nomination procedures

Subject only to the Business Corporations Act Alberta (the Act) and the articles of the Corporation (the Articles), only persons who are nominated in accordance with the following procedures shall be eligible for election as directors of the Corporation. Nominations of persons for election to the board of directors of the Corporation (the Board) may be made at any annual meeting of shareholders, or at any special meeting of shareholders if one of the purposes for which the special meeting was called is the election of directors:

- O. by or at the direction of the Board, including pursuant to a notice of meeting;
- b. by or at the direction or request of one or more shareholders pursuant to a proposal made in accordance with the provisions of the Act, or a requisition of the shareholders made in accordance with the provisions of the Act; or
- C. by any person (a Nominating Shareholder): (A) who, at the close of business on the date of the giving of the notice provided for below in this By-law and on the record date for notice of such meeting, is entered in the securities register as a holder of one or more shares carrying the right to vote at such meeting or who beneficially owns shares that are entitled to be voted at such meeting; and (B) who complies with the notice procedures set forth below in thisBy-law.

2. <u>Timely notice</u>

In addition to any other applicable requirements, for a nomination to be made by a Nominating Shareholder, the Nominating Shareholder must have given timely notice thereof in proper written form to the Corporate Secretary of the Corporation at the principal executive offices of the Corporation.

3. Manner of timely notice

To be timely, a Nominating Shareholder's notice to the Corporate Secretary of the Corporation must be made:

- C1. in the case of an annual meeting of shareholders, not less than 30 days nor more than 65 days prior to the date of the annual meeting of shareholders; provided, however, that in the event that the annual meeting of shareholders is to be held on a date that is less than 50 days after the date (the Notice Date) on which the first public announcement of the date of the annual meeting was made, notice by the Nominating Shareholder may be made not later than the close of business on the tenth (10th) day following the Notice Date; and
- b. in the case of a special meeting (which is not also an annual meeting) of shareholders called for the purpose of electing directors (whether or not called for other purposes), not later than the close of business on the fifteenth (15th) day following the day on which the first public announcement of the date of the special meeting of shareholders was made.

In no event shall any adjournment or postponement of a meeting of shareholders or the announcement thereof commence a new time period for the giving of a Nominating Shareholder's notice as described above.

4. Proper form of timely notice

To be in proper written form, a Nominating Shareholder's notice to the Corporate Secretary of the Corporation must setforth:

- as to each person whom the Nominating Shareholder proposes to nominate for election as a director: (A) the name, age, business address and residential address of the person; (B) the principal occupation or employment of the person; (C) the class or series and number of shares in the capital of the Corporation which are controlled or which are owned beneficially or of record by the person as of the record date for the meeting of shareholders (if such date shall then have been made publicly available and shall have occurred) and as of the date of such notice; and (D) any other information relating to the person that would be required to be disclosed in a dissident's proxy circular in connection with solicitations of proxies for election of directors pursuant to the Act and Applicable Securities Laws (as defined below); and
- D. as to the Nominating Shareholder giving the notice, any proxy, contract, arrangement, understanding or relationship pursuant to which such Nominating Shareholder has a right to vote any shares of the Corporation and any other information relating to such Nominating Shareholder that would be required to be made in a dissident's proxy circular in connection with solicitations of proxies for election of directors pursuant to the Act and Applicable Securities Laws (as defined below).

The Corporation may require any proposed nominee to furnish such other information, including a written consent to act, as may reasonably be required by the Corporation to determine the eligibility of such proposed nominee to serve as an independent director of the Corporation or that could be material to a reasonable shareholder's understanding of the independence, or lack thereof, of such proposed nominee.

5. Eligibility for nomination as a director

No person shall be eligible for election as a director of the Corporation unless nominated in accordance with the provisions of this By-law; provided, however, that nothing in this By-law shall be deemed to preclude discussion by a shareholder (as distinct from the nomination of directors) at a meeting of shareholders of any matter in respect of which it would have been entitled to submit a proposal pursuant to the provisions of the Act. The Chair of the meeting shall have the power and duty to determine whether a nomination was made in accordance with the procedures set forth in the foregoing provisions and, if any proposed nomination is not in compliance with such foregoing provisions, to declare that such defective nomination shall be disregarded.

6. Terms

For purposes of this By-law:

- G. "public announcement" shall mean disclosure in a press release reported by a national news service in Canada, or in a document publicly filed by the Corporation under its profile on the System of Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval at www.sedar.com; and
- b. "Applicable Securities Laws" means the applicable securities legislation of each relevant province and territory of Canada, as amended from time to time, the rules, regulations and forms made or promulgated under any such statute and the published national instruments, multilateral instruments, policies, bulletins and notices of the securities commission and similar regulatory authority of each relevant province and territories of Canada.

7. Delivery of Notice

Notwithstanding any other provision of this By-law, notice given to the Corporate Secretary of the Corporation pursuant to this By-law may only be given by personal delivery, facsimile transmission or by email (at such email address as stipulated from time to time by the Corporate Secretary of the Corporation for purposes of this notice), and shall be deemed to have been given and made only at the time it is served by personal delivery, email (at the aforesaid address) or sent by facsimile transmission (provided that receipt of confirmation of such transmission has been received) to the Corporate Secretary at the address of the principal executive offices of the Corporation; provided that if such delivery or electronic communication is made on a day which is a not a business day or later than 5:00 p.m. (Calgary time) on a day which is a business day, then such delivery or electronic communication shall be deemed to have been made on the subsequent day that is a business day.

8. Board Discretion

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Board may, in its sole discretion, waive any requirement in this By-law.